Co	urse tit	le: Biodiversity Assessment and C	Conservation	n					
		ode: NRE 123 No. of c		<b>L-T-P:</b> 17	-15-20	Learni	ng hou	<b>rs:</b> 42	2
Pre	e-requi	site course code and title (if any)	: NRE 121	Ecology					
De	partme	ent: Energy and Environment							
Co	urse co	ordinator:	С	ourse instru	ctor: Dr	Sudipta	Chatter	jee	
Co	ntact d	etails: s.chatterjee@terisas.ac.in	·			•		0	
		<b>pe</b> : Elective	С	ourse offere	d in: Ser	mester 2			
	•	escription	I						
		f the course is that the students und	derstand bio	odiversity in	the conte	ext of ecc	system	n dyna	mics,
eco	osystem	functioning and provision of	ecosystem	services. St	udents v	will know	w how	to a	issess
		ty with different methodologies							
me	asures t	o manage biodiversity.	-					-	
Co	urse oł	jectives							
1.	Under	standing the basics of science of b	iodiversity	in an ecologi	cal conte	ext			
2.	Learni	ng tools and techniques relevant to	o monitorin	g of biologic	al divers	ity			
3.	Abilit	y to design a field based project wi	ith rationale	and appropr	iate met	nodology	•		
Co	urse co	ontent							
Mo	odule	lule Topic					L	Т	Р
1.		Refreshing basic ecology impor	tant for bi	odiversity			1		
		Origin of species, succession, dis					1		
2.		Introduction							
		Definition of biodiversity, clarification of terms (taxonomic, spatial							
		levels, endemism), levels of biodiversity (microbial, genetic, species,				1			
		ecosystem, landscape), drivers of	biodiversit	у,					
3.		Magnitude and Distribution of biodiversity							
		Evolution of biodiversity, overview of ecological communities, number							
		of species worldwide, change in biodiversity over time in different							
		regions of the world, concept of diversity hot-spots; Biodiversity in							
		India: In the past and present.							
		Global distribution of biodiversit			radient).			2	
4.		8	essment and Monitoring of biodiversity						
		Indicators for Biodiversity. Meth				lysis of			
5.		different species groups, monitor					4		
		Fieldwork on different plant com	munifies w	ith simple sat	mpling n	nethods			C
		and analysis	14 -					2	8
		Presenting and discussion of resu		4 9 •				2	
		Biodiversity–ecosystem function							
		Ecosystem functions related to bi of biodiversity ecosystem func					2		
		indirect), methods of valuation	uoning toi	supply of		set and	2		
6.		Biodiversity loss and its conseq	noncos						
0.		Estimates of extinction rates w		nd in India	Analysi	ng and			
		discussion of causes and extinction				ing and	2		
		Summarising causes and consequ			.,				
		(Causes: Vulnerability to extin		nging of th	ne envir	onment			
		(Habitat fragmentation and				change,			
		overexploitation; Consequences:		/		0			
		services, livelihood)	8.	· r · · · , · · ·		, <u>, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , </u>			

7.	Conservation strategies			
1.	Theoretical background: overview of genetic variability: population			
	biology of endangered species, conservation genetics, wildlife biology			
	Ex-situ conservation: (facilities, establishment of new populations,			
	captive breeding, reintroduction, discussion of advantages and			
	disadvantages,			
	Field trip (Delhi Zoo)	4		
	In-situ conservation: (assessment of adequate areas, design and			
	management of protected areas; problems protected areas in India,			4
	connectivity and corridors, sustainable use of biodiversity, conservation			
	and society, conservation networks		1	
	Tutorial on Kaimowitz and Sheil (2007)		1	
8.	Biodiversity restoration			
	Principles, definitions, degradation, tools and methods, restoration and		2	
	ecosystem functioning, discussion of case studies			
9.	Excursion to biodiversity hotspot			
	An area in India where biodiversity issues can be studied will be visited.			
	The students work in group of 2-3 on small studies (preparation,			
	assessment, analysis). The topics for the studies are chosen the ongoing			
	public discussion on biodiversity (Man-animal conflict, human			
	interference, climate change, policy)			
	Preparation			
	Analysis			4
	Field trip (10 days)			4
10.	Workshop			
10.	Students will present and discuss the findings of their studies work on		8	
	different aspects of the biodiversity of the hotspot visited		0	
	Total	17	15	20
Evaluatio	n criteria	1/	15	20
<ul> <li>Test 1</li> </ul>				
	nment: 20%			
•				
<ul> <li>Test 3</li> </ul>				
	outcomes			
Test 1:	outcomes			
	nts are able to interpret basics of science of biodiversity conservation covere	d in M	مطيباهم	13
Assignme	· · · ·		ouules	5 1-5.
	nts are able to implement a small project on monitoring of biodiversity			
• Stude				
	nts have developed skills to articulate their findings.			
Test 3:				
	are able to synthesise learnings from all the modules entire semester.			
00	cal approach: Class room teachings, class room workshops and discussi	ons on	emerg	gent
	ity conservation issues, biodiversity monitoring techniques			
Materials				
	1 and 2 Refreshing basic ecology important for biodiversity			
Modules				
1. Prima	ck R.B. (2006) Essentials of Conservation Biology (4th ed.), Sinauer Associ	iates, S	underl	and.
1. Prima	ck R.B. (2006) <i>Essentials of Conservation Biology</i> (4th ed.), Sinauer Association of Species. Charles Darwin.	ates, S	underl	and.

#### Module 3: Magnitude and distribution of biodiversity.

- 1. Research papers on Biodiversity 'Hotspot'by Norman Myers.
- 2. WWF Terrestrial Ecoreigons.
- 3. The Living planet index.

## Module 4: Assessment ad Monitoring of Biodiversity.

1. Ecological Diversity and Measurement by Magurran, A.E. Princeton University Press. New Jersey. **Module 5: Biodiversity – Ecosystem Services**.

- 1. Research papers by Balvanera and Neem.
- 2. Millennium Ecosystem Assessment Report, 2005.

## Module 6:

- 1. Research papers by Krishtalka and Peterson, Kansas University, US, and on Biodiversity Informatics.
- 2. The Sixth Extinction by Elizabeth Kolbert.
- 3. Sustaining Life by Eric Chivian.

# Module 7: Conservation Strategies:

- 1. Planning a protected area network in India by Allna Rodgers and H S Pawar. Wildlife Institute of India.
- 2. Saharaia V.B. (2001) Wildlife in India, Natraj Publishers, Dehra Dun.

# Module 8: Biodiversity Restoration".

- 1. Papers by Society for Ecological Restoration, Australia. Research papers by IIT-ISM, Dhanbad, J.S Singh.
- Module 9: Excursion to biodiversity 'hotspot''. Readings on the landscape visited.

Additional Readings

- 1. Grimmett R., Inskipp C. and Inskipp T. (2001) Pocket Guide to the Birds of the Indian Subcontinent, Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 2. Krishen P. (2006) Trees of Delhi: A Field Guide, Dorling Kindersley, New Delhi.

### Journals

- 1. Biological Conservation
- 2. Conservation Biology
- 3. International Journal of Biodiversity and Conservation

### Advanced Reading Material: To be provided.

Additional information (if any): This course is a prerequisite to course NRE 151 Wildlife Conservation and Management.

#### Student responsibilities

The students are expected to submit assignments in time and come prepared with readings when provided

### **Course reviewers**

- 1. Priya Davidar, Dean, School of Life Sciences, Pondicherry University.
- 2. Prof. Jürgen Bauhus, Director of the Institute for Silviculture, University of Freiburg, Germany.
- 3. Jean P. Puyravaud, ECOS-Director, Guest Faculty, School of Life Sciences, University of Pondicherry.