Course Title: Governance and Law						
Course Code: PPS 153	No. of Credits: 2	L-T-P Distribution: 28-0-0		Learning hours: 28		
Pre-requisite course code and title (if any): None						
Department: Policy Studies						
Course coordinator: Dr Vishnu Konoorayar			Course instructor: Dr Vishnu Konoorayar			
Contact details: vishnu.konoorillam@terisas.ac.in						
Course Type: Core		Course offered in: Semester 1				

Course description:

This course is designed keeping in mind that the participants are professionals who have experience in implementing policies and have meaningfully contributed to policy making. With that assumption, the course starts with a module intended to refresh some basic concepts that try to locate the role of law in public policy. The remaining modules are intended to study in somewhat detail two dynamic areas of governance that have huge relevance to public policy: independent regulation and environmental governance. This course will directly help the participants in their major projects.

Course objectives:

- To critically analyse the role of independent regulators in governance and the impact of independent regulation in policy making
- To understand the competition law regime and its impact on governance
- To appreciate the importance of law in addressing environmental concerns, influence of international norms and the role of judiciary in environmental governance

Course contents				
Module	Topic	L	T	P
1.	Law and Public Policy: Introduction	6		
	Importance of law and institutions in public policy			
	Constitution: Source and limitation on governmental power			
	International law and its influence on policy making			
	An introduction to Administrative Law			
2.	Independent regulation: Concept and Theories	4		
	Theories of regulation- Types of regulation			
	Genesis of Independent regulation-evolution of regulation in different			
	jurisdictions – Different routes to regulation			
	Scope and functions - regulatory process- regulatory autonomy and			
	accountability			
3.	Regulation in Infrastructure sector in India: Case study	6		
	Independent regulatory bodies in different infrastructure sectors:			
	Electricity, Telecom and Transport			
	Review of the reforms - Role of the sector regulator and the			
	Government			
	Measuring Regulatory Performance: Impact on consumer welfare;			
	improvement in efficiency in service; ensuring equity, justice and			
	environmental protection			
	Policy directives by the government – Different approaches			
	Regulatory Impact Assessment			
4.	Competition law and policy	4		
	Need for competition law and policy - Origins and scope -			
	development dimensions – government procurement			
	Regulation-Competition interface; Role of sector regulators in			
	promoting competition	0		
5.	Environmental law and policy	8		
	Evolution of environmental laws in India – Role of Judiciary			

Constitutional provisions – Overview of laws and institutions Role of judiciary in policy making; general principles			
Public participation in environmental decision making			
Total	28	0	0

Evaluation criteria:

Presentations: 50%Term paper: 50 %

Learning outcomes:

On completion of this course, the participants would be able to:

- Make contributions in the form of articles and policy briefs that analyses the role of independent regulatory bodies in ensuring equity, justice and socio-ecological integrity
- Critically analyse the role of judiciary in policy making and implementation especially in the field of environmental law.

Materials:

Required text

Suggested readings

Reading material in the form of articles, case studies, orders by regulatory commissions, judgments by higher judiciary etc. will be circulated for each topic of discussion. In addition the following readings would give a broad background to the course:

- 1. Khosla, Madhav (2012). The Indian Constitution. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 2. Baxi, Upendra (2016). Law, Politics, and Constitutional Hegemony: The Supreme Court, Jurisprudence, and Demosprudence. In Choudhry, Sujit et.al. The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 3. Singh, M. P. (2016). The Federal Scheme. In Choudhry, Sujit et.al. The Oxford Handbook of the Indian Constitution. Oxford University Press, New Delhi.
- 4. Moran, Michael (2002). Understanding the Regulatory State. British Journal of Political Science, 32 (2): 391-413.
- 5. Thiruvengadam, Arun and Joshi, Piyush (2013). Judiciaries as Crucial Actors in Southern Regulatory Systems: A Case Study of Indian Telecom Regulation. In Dubash, N. K. and Morgan, M. The Rise of the Regulatory State of the South. Oxford University Press, Oxford.
- 6. Dubash, Navroz K. (2006). Emergent Regulatory Governance in India: Comparative Case Studies of Electricity Regulation. http://regulation.upf.edu/bath-06/10_Dubash_Rao.pdf
- 7. Singh, Ajit (1999). Competition Policy, Development and Developing Countries. Working Paper, ICRIER, New Delhi.
- 8. Guha, Ramachandra (2006). How Much Should a Person Consume? Chs. 4 and 5. Permanent Black, New Delhi.

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Websites

Journals

Other readings

Additional information (if any):

Student responsibilities:

Attendance, timely feedback, discipline: as per university rules, adopt peer learning and knowledge sharing within the class

Course reviewers:

- 1. Prof. M. P. Singh, National Law University, Delhi.
- 2. Prof. S. Sundar, Distinguished Fellow, TERI, New Delhi.