Course ti	tle: Qualitative research methods a	and technical writing					
Course co	ode: WSW 179	No. of credits: 3	<b>L-T-P:</b> 14-14-34	Learni	ng ho	ours:	62
Pre-requi	site course code and title (if any)	): None					
Departm	ent: Regional Water Studies						
Course co	ordinator(s):		rse instructor(s): Mr	Priyank	Jain	/ Dr	
~			ee Bhargava				
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Course ty	<b>~</b>	Cour	se offered in: Semes	ter 2			
Course de	-	f	ale matheada and a sur		:41. 4	1. a. a.1	.:11.
techniquez research. manageme on critical comprehe interpretat communic demands work on a <b>Course ol</b> • To int • To de • To pla • To ap thewa	roduce students to the broad tenets velop skills in the use of tools and an, conduct, present and discuss que preciate the need for interdiscipling ys in which qualitative research car able students to apply the skills to	sitively design, carry upon the nature of sources management. mock projects to pro- ling, survey tools, provide exposure to ons, readings, discus- ble time investment fieldwork. s of qualitative research techniques required finalitative research stur- nary research for wat an be integrated with	y out, read, analyse qualitative research The course also incl wide students with ha data analysis, research proposal and research ssion and practical by the students to ch. for conducting qualitation dy. er resources manage quantitative research.	and rep required udes pra ands on arch eth ch repo clinics. engage i	ort q l for actica oppo nics rt wr Th n dis	ualita reso l sess rtunit and iting e co cussi	tive urce ions ty to data and urse ons,
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Module 1.	Topic Introduction to qualitative rese	arch			L 2	<b>T</b> 2	<b>P</b> 4
	This module helps in understa special attention on qualitative re- IRB processes. Through this m individual values of the research integrity. The module will all researcher's treatment of other informed consent, confidentialit will draw focus on the differ research with proper exemplificat management. • Types of research	nding the concept a esearch. It will also in odule, students will er relating to honesty so help to orient t people involved in ty, anonymity and co entiation between q	clude ethics of resear be able to understa and frankness and p he students regardi the research, rela- purtesy. Further, the jualitative and quan	rch and and the ersonal ng the ting to course titative			

2.	Designing research proposal	2	2	6
2.	Through this module the student shall be familiarized with the various steps	2	2	0
	involved in developing a research proposal. The student shall be asked to identify			
	a research problem and develop a proposal.			
	<ul> <li>Defining the research problem</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Developing research objectives and questions</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Literature review</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Choosing the appropriate methods</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Sample and sampling methods</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Ethical considerations and researcher's role</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Expected research impact</li> </ul>			
3.	Qualitative research tools and techniques	4	4	10
5.	This module focuses on techniques for data collection in qualitative	4	4	10
	research. The method of preparation of interview and discussion guides, and			
	questionnaire for survey shall be discussed in this module. The students will be			
	encouraged to think on the research problem that they have proposed in the			
	previous module and develop a plan for the field work.			
	<ul> <li>Ethnography, case study, participant observation</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Structured, semi-structured and in-depth interview</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Focus Group Discussion</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Survey and Questionnaire Design</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Participatory Rural Appraisal (PRA)</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>PRA Field Exercises (Transect walk, resource mapping,</li> </ul>			
	• FRA Tield Exercises (Transect wark, resource mapping, institution and stakeholder mapping)			
	<ul> <li>Developing a matrix according to sample type and nos.</li> <li>Practical exercise (field work and data collection)</li> </ul>			
4.	Qualitative data collection and analysis	2	2	6
т.	This module focuses on qualitative data collection and analysis through practical	2	2	0
	exercises on transcription and content analysis. Subjectivity in interpretation and			
	evaluator biases and its impact on research outcomes are also explained.			
	<ul> <li>Developing data collection and management plan</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Steps of analysing qualitative data</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Analysis of text and documents</li> </ul>			
	Using software to analyse data			
5.	Technical writing and research communication	4	4	8
5.	<ul> <li>Plagiarism and similarity</li> </ul>	4	4	0
	<ul> <li>Indentified similarity</li> <li>Understanding different styles of writing</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Writing project report, dissertation, proposal, blogs and newspaper articles</li> </ul>			
	a. Audience, purpose and strategy			
	<ul><li>b. Use of infographics (tables, graphs, charts and visuals)</li></ul>			
	c. Reference styles – Using referencing software			
	d. Understanding the peer review process			
	<ul> <li>Writing Detailed Project Report (DPR)</li> <li>Properties procentation and presentation skills</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Preparing presentation and presentation skills</li> <li>Practical exercise</li> <li>Developing articles blogs at through class</li> </ul>			
	Practical exercise - Developing articles, blogs etc. through class			
	assignments, developing research reports	14	14	24
7	Total	14	14	34
	ion criteria: st 1: Research proposal design: 20% (At the end of Module 1 and 2)			
	st 1: Research proposal design: 20% (At the end of Module 1 and 2) udents will be asked to define a research problem related to water, draft research of	biog	tives	and
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Students will be asked to define a research problem related to water, draft research objectives and research questions, define the research methodology and sampling technique that they would use for studying the research problem and spell out the expected outcomes of the research.

• Test 2: Class assignment (literature review) :20% Students would carry out and write the literature review chapter for the research topic that they have identified.

- Test 3: Research report writing: 40% (At the end of modules 3, 4 and 5) Students shall write a detailed report on the research work carried out by them. The report will have an introduction, literature review, methodology, results and discussion, conclusion and references as different sections.
- Test 4 : Final Presentation: 20% Students will have to make a 15 minutes presentation of their work. It would have a format similar to a research proposal defence.

#### Learning outcomes

At the end of the course, students will be able to,

- independently design and conduct a qualitative research
- describe, distinguish and apply qualitative research tools like interviewing, focus group discussions, participant observation, participatory rural appraisal etc.
- organise, analyse and interpret data
- write research proposals and reports

## Pedagogical approach

The pedagogical approach taken for the course is a combination of lectures, writing workshops and field exercises with an emphasis on participatory and practical learning.

#### **Course Reading Materials**

- Bryman, Alan. (2012) Social Research Methods, Oxford University Press, New Delhi
- Corbetta P. (2003) Social Research, Theory, Methods and Techniques, Sage Publication, NewDelhi
- Cresswell JW (2014) Research Design, Qualitative, Quantitative and Mixed Method Approach, Sage: New Delhi
- Czaja, R. and Blair, J., 2005, Designing surveys: A guide to decisions and procedures, 2ndedition, Thousand Oaks and London: Pine Forge.
- Flick, Uwe. (2014) The Sage Hand Book of Qualitative Data Analysis (Edited). Sage: New Delhi
- Grosh, M. and Glewwe, P., 2000, eds., Designing household survey questionnaires for developing countries: Lessons from 15 years of the living standards measurement study. Washington, D.C.: World Bank.
- Groves, RM., Floyd Fowler J. Jr., Couper MP., Lepkowski James M., Singer E., Tourangeau R.2009, Survey methodology, 2nd edition, Hoboken: Wiley.
- Hammersley, M., 1992, What's wrong with ethnography? London: Routledge. Scheyvens R. andStorey, D., 2003, eds., Development fieldwork: A practical guide, London: Sage (chapter 4).
- Kothari CR (2004) Research Methodology, Methods and Techniques, New Age InternationalPublication Limited: New Delhi
- Robson C., 1993, Real world research: A resource for social scientists and practitioner researchers. Oxford:Blackwell (chapter on analysing qualitative data).
- Sarantakos, S. (1998) Social Research. Macmillan Press: Australia
- Walliman, N. (2011) Research Methods, The Basics. Routledge: UK
- Silverman D. 2006, Interpreting qualitative data: Methods for analysing talk, text and interaction, 3rd edition, London: Sage

## Student responsibilities

- All readings circulated before class must be read by the students for class discussions.
- Assignments and course work must be attempted as per instructions before coming for practical clinics.
- Attendance is compulsory for all sessions

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# **Course reviewers:**

- 1. Dr. Mercian Daniel, Program Manager (Mental Health), The George Institute for Global Health, New Delhi
- 2. Dr. Manasi Mishra, Head, Research & Knowledge Management, Centre for Social Research (CSR)